the requirements for impact statements, except as follows:

- (i) It is not necessary to determine the scope of issues.
- (ii) A draft is considered to be a final statement. Both draft and final statements are needed only when:
- (A) A Congressional committee with jurisdiction over the proposal has a rule requiring both.
- (B) Both are specifically required by statute for proposals of the type being submitted.
- (3) Comments received on a legislative statement, and the Postal Service's responses, must be forwarded to the Congress.

[44 FR 63525, Nov. 5, 1979, as amended at 48 FR 29378, June 24, 1983; 55 FR 10455; Mar. 21, 1990]

# § 775.9 Time frames for environmental impact statement actions.

- (a) Each week the EPA publishes in the FEDERAL REGISTER a notice of the draft and final environmental impact statements received in that office during the preceding week. The minimum time periods for decision on an action, specified in paragraphs (b) through (d) of this section, are calculated from the date of publication of an EPA notice of receipt of the relevant impact statement.
- (b) A decision on a proposed action may not be made or recorded until the later of the following dates: 90 days after publication of the notice described in paragraph (a) of this section for a draft statement or 30 days after publication of the notice for a final statement.
- (c) If a final statement is filed with the EPA within 90 days after a draft statement is filed, the 30 day period and the 90 day period may run concurrently.
- (d) A minimum of 45 days must be allowed for comments on draft statements.

### §775.10 Public notice and information.

(a) Public notice is given of NEPA-related hearings, intent to undertake environmental assessments and environmental impact statements, and the availability of environmental documents (that is, environmental assessments, findings of no significant im-

pact, and environmental impact statements), as follows:

- (1) Notices must be mailed to those who have requested them.
- (2) Notices concerning a proposal of national concern must be mailed to national organizations reasonably expected to be interested. Any such notice must be published in the FEDERAL REGISTER. (See paragraph (a)(4) of this section
- (3) Notices of any proposed action having effects primarily of local concern are given as follows:
- (i) Any such notice, including a copy of any pertinent environmental document, must be mailed to the appropriate review officials identified in the Postal Service regulations and procedures governing intergovernmental review of Postal Service facility project actions, to the State Historic Preservation Officer, and to local public officials.
- (ii) Any such notice must be published in one or more local newspapers.
- (iii) Any such notice must be posted on and near any proposed and alternate sites for an action.
- (iv) Any such notice may be mailed to potentially interested community organizations, including small business associations.
- (v) Any such notice may be mailed to owners and occupants of nearby or affected property.
- (4) A copy of every notice of intent to prepare an environmental impact statement must be furnished to the Assistant General Counsel, Legislative Division, Law Department, who will have it published in the FEDERAL REGISTER.
- (b) All notices must give the name, address, and telephone number of a postal official who may be contacted for information. Environmental documents are made available to the public on request. Inspection, copying, and the furnishing of copies will be in accordance with 39 CFR Part 265, "Release of Information."

[44 FR 63525, Nov. 5, 1979, as amended at 47 FR 19992, May 10, 1982; 48 FR 29378, June 24, 1983]

# § 775.11 Hearings.

(a) Public hearings must be held whenever there is:

- (1) Substantial environmental controversy concerning a proposed action and a request for a hearing by any responsible individual or organization;
- (2) A request for a hearing by an agency with jurisdiction over or special expertise concerning the proposed action: or
- (3) A reasonable expectation that a hearing will produce significant information not likely to be obtained without a hearing.
- (b) The distribution and notice requirements of §§775.8(d)(1) and 775.10 must be complied with whenever a hearing is to be held.

#### PART 776—FLOODPLAIN MANAGE-MENT AND PROTECTION OF WET-LANDS PROCEDURES

Sec.

- 776.1 Purpose and policy.
- 776.2 Responsibility.
- 776.3 Scope.
- 776.4 Definitions.
- 776.5 New construction.
- 776.6 Existing buildings, owned or leased.
- 776.7 Disposal, lease, easement to non-Federal public or private parties.

776.8 Public notice.

AUTHORITY: 39 U.S.C. 401.

SOURCE:  $46\ FR\ 22366$ , Apr. 17, 1981, unless otherwise noted.

#### §776.1 Purpose and policy.

- (a) Executive Order 11988, Floodplain Management, was issued on May 24, 1977, under authority of the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969, as amended (42 U.S.C. 4321, et seq.) (NEPA), the National Flood Insurance Act of 1968, as amended (42 U.S.C. 4001), and the Flood Disaster Protection Act of 1973 (Pub. L. 93-234, 87 Stat. 9451). Executive Order 11990, Protection of Wetlands, was issued on May 24, 1977, under authority of NEPA. The purpose of these Orders was to avoid adverse impacts associated with the occupancy and/or modification of floodplains; or the modification and destruction of wetlands.
- (b) These procedures implement Executive Orders 11988 and 11990 and are adopted under the Postal Reorganization Act rather than the statutes listed in paragraph (a) of this section, to the extent these statutes do not apply to

the Postal Service under 39 U.S.C. 410(a).

- (c) These procedures provide guidance:
- (1) To avoid direct or indirect, long or short term adverse impact on floodplains and wetlands;
  - (2) To reduce the risk of flood loss;
- (3) To minimize the impact of floods on human safety, health, and welfare;
- (4) To restore and preserve the natural and beneficial values served by floodplains;
- (5) To minimize the destruction, loss, or degradation of wetlands;
- (6) To preserve and enhance the natural and beneficial values of wetlands; and
- (7) To avoid direct or indirect support of floodplain development.
- (d) These procedures are general in nature. Postal Service Handbook RE-6, *Environmental Procedures*, provides detailed procedures for implementing these executive orders.

## § 776.2 Responsibility.

The Assistant Postmaster General, Facilities Department, is responsible for overall compliance with these procedures.

[46 FR 22366, Apr. 17, 1981, as amended at 51 FR 40170, Nov. 5, 1986]

#### §776.3 Scope.

These procedures are applicable to every proposed postal facility project which involves:

- (a) New contruction, for ownership or lease;
- (b) Existing buildings, owned or leased, except the acquisition of existing leased facilities when no substantial external change in the configuration of the facility will occur;
- (c) Modernization or improvement of an existing facility where the external configuration of the building or the use of the facility is changed substantially and significantly;
- (d) Disposal or lease of owned, excess property;
- (e) Proposals for granting a property easement or right-of-way to non-federal public or private parties.

#### § 776.4 Definitions.

(a) A *floodplain*, for the purposes of these procedures, is the area in which a